Statement of Basis of the Federal Operating Permit

CITGO Refining and Chemicals Company L.P.

Site Name: CITGO Corpus Christi Refinery West Plant Physical Location: 7350 IH 37 Nearest City: Corpus Christi County: Nueces

> Permit Number: O1420 Project Type: Renewal

The North American Industry Classification System (NAICS) Code: 324110
NAICS Name: Petroleum Refineries

This Statement of Basis sets forth the legal and factual basis for the draft permit conditions in accordance with 30 TAC §122.201(a)(4). Per 30 TAC §§ 122.241 and 243, the permit holder has submitted an application under § 122.134 for permit renewal. This document includes the following information:

A description of the facility/area process description;

A basis for applying permit shields;

A list of the federal regulatory applicability determinations;

A table listing the determination of applicable requirements;

A list of the New Source Review Requirements;

The rationale for periodic monitoring methods selected;

The rationale for compliance assurance methods selected;

A compliance status: and

A list of available unit attribute forms.

Prepared on: January 28, 2019

Operating Permit Basis of Determination

Permit Area Process Description

The primary purpose of the West Plant is to further process refinery intermediate products produced at the East Plant into diesel fuel blending components and coke sales products, and into feed streams for gasoline and petrochemical processing units located at the East Plant. Intermediate products are transported to the West Plant via interconnecting pipeline and barge docks used for the unloading of Coker Unit feed.

FOPs at Site

The "application area" consists of the emission units and that portion of the site included in the application and this permit. Multiple FOPs may be issued to a site in accordance with 30 TAC § 122.201(e). When there is only one area for the site, then the application information and permit will include all units at the site. Additional FOPs that exist at the site, if any, are listed below.

Additional FOPs: None

Major Source Pollutants

The table below specifies the pollutants for which the site is a major source:

Major Pollutants	VOC, SO ₂ , PM, NO _X , HAPs, CO

Reading State of Texas's Federal Operating Permit

The Title V Federal Operating Permit (FOP) lists all state and federal air emission regulations and New Source Review (NSR) authorizations (collectively known as "applicable requirements") that apply at a particular site or permit area (in the event a site has multiple FOPs). **The FOP does not authorize new emissions or new construction activities.** The FOP begins with an introductory page which is common to all Title V permits. This page gives the details of the company, states the authority of the issuing agency, requires the company to operate in accordance with this permit and 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 122, requires adherence with NSR requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116, and finally indicates the permit number and the issuance date.

This is followed by the table of contents, which is generally composed of the following elements. Not all permits will have all of the elements.

- General Terms and Conditions
- Special Terms and Conditions
 - o Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - New Source Review Authorization Requirements
 - o Compliance Requirements
 - Protection of Stratosphere Ozone
 - Permit Location
 - Permit Shield (30 TAC § 122.148)
- Attachments
 - o Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Unit Summary
 - Applicable Requirements Summary
 - Additional Monitoring Requirements
 - o Permit Shield
 - New Source Review Authorization References

- Compliance Plan
- Alternative Requirements
- Appendix A
 - Acronym list
- Appendix B
 - Copies of major NSR authorizations

General Terms and Conditions

The General Terms and Conditions are the same and appear in all permits. The first paragraph lists the specific citations for 30 TAC Chapter 122 requirements that apply to all Title V permit holders. The second paragraph describes the requirements for record retention. The third paragraph provides details for voiding the permit, if applicable. The fourth paragraph states that the permit holder shall comply with the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 116 by obtaining a New Source Review authorization prior to new construction or modification of emission units located in the area covered by this permit. The fifth paragraph provides details on submission of reports required by the permit.

Special Terms and Conditions

Emissions Limitations and Standards, Monitoring and Testing, and Recordkeeping and Reporting. The TCEQ has designated certain applicable requirements as site-wide requirements. A site-wide requirement is a requirement that applies uniformly to all the units or activities at the site. Units with only site-wide requirements are addressed on Form OP-REQ1 and are not required to be listed separately on a OP-UA Form or Form OP-SUM. Form OP-SUM must list all units addressed in the application and provide identifying information, applicable OP-UA Forms, and preconstruction authorizations. The various OP-UA Forms provide the characteristics of each unit from which applicable requirements are established. Some exceptions exist as a few units may have both site-wide requirements and unit specific requirements.

Other conditions. The other entries under special terms and conditions are in general terms referring to compliance with the more detailed data listed in the attachments.

Attachments

Applicable Requirements Summary. The first attachment, the Applicable Requirements Summary, has two tables, addressing unit specific requirements. The first table, the Unit Summary, includes a list of units with applicable requirements, the unit type, the applicable regulation, and the requirement driver. The intent of the requirement driver is to inform the reader that a given unit may have several different operating scenarios and the differences between those operating scenarios.

The applicable requirements summary table provides the detailed citations of the rules that apply to the various units. For each unit and operating scenario, there is an added modifier called the "index number," detailed citations specifying monitoring and testing requirements, recordkeeping requirements, and reporting requirements. The data for this table are based on data supplied by the applicant on the OP-SUM and various OP-UA forms.

Additional Monitoring Requirement. The next attachment includes additional monitoring the applicant must perform to ensure compliance with the applicable standard. Compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) is often required to provide a reasonable assurance of compliance with applicable emission limitations/standards for large emission units that use control devices to achieve compliance with applicant requirements. When necessary, periodic monitoring (PM) requirements are specified for certain parameters (i.e. feed rates, flow rates, temperature, fuel type and consumption, etc.) to determine if a term and condition or emission unit is operating within specified limits to control emissions. These additional monitoring approaches may be required for two reasons. First, the applicable rules do not adequately specify monitoring requirements (exception- Maximum Achievable Control Technology Standards (MACTs) generally have sufficient monitoring), and second, monitoring may be required to fill gaps in the monitoring requirements of certain applicable requirements. In situations where the NSR permit is the applicable requirement requiring extra monitoring for a specific emission unit, the preferred solution is to have the monitoring requirements in the NSR permit updated so that all NSR requirements are consolidated in the NSR permit.

Permit Shield. A permit may or may not have a permit shield, depending on whether an applicant has applied for, and justified the granting of, a permit shield. A permit shield is a special condition included in the permit document stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirement(s) or specified applicable state-only requirement(s).

New Source Review Authorization References. All activities which are related to emissions in the state of Texas must have a NSR authorization prior to beginning construction. This section lists all units in the permit and the NSR authorization that allowed the unit to be constructed or modified. Units that do not have unit specific applicable requirements other than the NSR authorization do not need to be listed in this attachment. While NSR permits are not physically a part of the Title V permit, they are legally incorporated into the Title V permit by reference. Those NSR permits whose emissions exceed certain PSD/NA thresholds must also undergo a Federal review of federally regulated pollutants in addition to review for state regulated pollutants.

Compliance Plan. A permit may have a compliance schedule attachment for listing corrective actions plans for any emission unit that is out of compliance with an applicable requirement.

Alternative Requirements. This attachment will list any alternative monitoring plans or alternative means of compliance for applicable requirements that have been approved by the EPA Administrator and/or the TCEQ Executive Director.

Appendix A

Acronym list. This attachment lists the common acronyms used when discussing the FOPs.

Appendix B

Copies of major NSR authorizations applicable to the units covered by this permit have been included in this Appendix, to ensure that all interested persons can access those authorizations.

Stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111, Subchapter A, § 111.111(a)(1)(B) addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

The site contains stationary vents with a flowrate less than 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute (acfm) which are limited, over a six-minute average, to 20% opacity as required by 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B). As a site may have a large number of stationary vents that fall into this category, they are not required to be listed individually in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. This is consistent with EPA's White Paper for Streamlined Development of Part 70 Permit Applications, July 10, 1995, that states that requirements that apply identically to emission units at a site can be treated on a generic basis such as source-wide opacity limits.

Periodic monitoring is specified in Special Term and Condition 3 for stationary vents subject to 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) to verify compliance with the 20% opacity limit. These vents are not expected to produce visible emissions during normal operation. The TCEQ evaluated the probability of these sources violating the opacity standards and determined that there is a very low potential that an opacity standard would be exceeded. It was determined that continuous monitoring for these sources is not warranted as there would be very limited environmental benefit in continuously monitoring sources that have a low potential to produce visible emissions. Therefore, the TCEQ set the visible observation monitoring frequency for these sources to once per calendar quarter.

The TCEQ has exempted vents that are not capable of producing visible emissions from periodic monitoring requirements. These vents include sources of colorless VOCs, non-fuming liquids, and other materials that cannot produce emissions that obstruct the transmission of light. Passive ventilation vents, such as plumbing vents, are also included in this category. Since this category of vents are not capable of producing opacity due to the physical or chemical characteristics of the emission source, periodic monitoring is not required as it would not yield any additional data to assure compliance with the 20% opacity standard of 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

In the event that visible emissions are detected, either through the quarterly observation or other credible evidence, such as observations from company personnel, the permit holder shall either report a deviation or perform a Test Method 9 observation to determine the opacity consistent with the 6-minute averaging time specified in 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B).

An additional provision is included to monitor combustion sources more frequently than quarterly if alternate fuels are burned for periods greater than 24 consecutive hours. This will address possible emissions that may arise when switching fuel types.

The applicant opted to comply with the more stringent 20% opacity standard under 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(B) for all stationary vents that are subject to the 30% opacity standard under 30 TAC § 111.111(a)(1)(A).

Stationary Vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not addressed in the Special Terms and Conditions

All other stationary vents subject to 30 TAC Chapter 111 not covered in the Special Terms and Conditions are listed in the permit's Applicable Requirement Summary. The basis for the applicability determinations for these vents are listed in the Determination of Applicable Requirements table.

Federal Regulatory Applicability Determinations

The following chart summarizes the applicability of the principal air pollution regulatory programs to the permit area:

Regulatory Program	Applicability (Yes/No)
Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD)	Yes
Nonattainment New Source Review (NNSR)	No
Minor NSR	Yes
40 CFR Part 60 - New Source Performance Standards	Yes
40 CFR Part 61 - National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAPs)	Yes
40 CFR Part 63 - NESHAPs for Source Categories	Yes
Title IV (Acid Rain) of the Clean Air Act (CAA)	No
Title V (Federal Operating Permits) of the CAA	Yes
Title VI (Stratospheric Ozone Protection) of the CAA	Yes
CSAPR (Cross-State Air Pollution Rule)	No
Federal Implementation Plan for Regional Haze (Texas SO ₂ Trading Program)	No

Basis for Applying Permit Shields

An operating permit applicant has the opportunity to specifically request a permit shield to document that specific applicable requirements do not apply to emission units in the permit. A permit shield is a special condition stating that compliance with the conditions of the permit shall be deemed compliance with the specified potentially applicable requirements or specified potentially applicable state-only requirements. A permit shield has been requested in the application for specific emission units. For the permit shield requests that have been approved, the basis of determination for regulations that the owner/operator need not comply with are located in the "Permit Shield" attachment of the permit.

Insignificant Activities

In general, units not meeting the criteria for inclusion on either Form OP-SUM or Form OP-REQ1 are not required to be addressed in the operating permit application. Examples of these types of units include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1. Office activities such as photocopying, blueprint copying, and photographic processes.
- 2. Sanitary sewage collection and treatment facilities other than those used to incinerate wastewater treatment plant sludge. Stacks or vents for sanitary sewer plumbing traps are also included.
- 3. Food preparation facilities including, but not limited to, restaurants and cafeterias used for preparing food or beverages primarily for consumption on the premises.
- 4. Outdoor barbecue pits, campfires, and fireplaces.
- Laundry dryers, extractors, and tumblers processing bedding, clothing, or other fabric items generated primarily at the premises. This does not include emissions from dry cleaning systems using perchloroethylene or petroleum solvents.
- 6. Facilities storing only dry, sweet natural gas, including natural gas pressure regulator vents.
- 7. Any air separation or other industrial gas production, storage, or packaging facility. Industrial gases, for purposes of this list, include only oxygen, nitrogen, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 8. Storage and handling of sealed portable containers, cylinders, or sealed drums.
- 9. Vehicle exhaust from maintenance or repair shops.
- 10. Storage and use of non-VOC products or equipment for maintaining motor vehicles operated at the site (including but not limited to, antifreeze and fuel additives).
- 11. Air contaminant detectors and recorders, combustion controllers and shut-off devices, product analyzers, laboratory analyzers, continuous emissions monitors, other analyzers and monitors, and emissions associated with sampling activities. Exception to this category includes sampling activities that are deemed fugitive emissions and under a regulatory leak detection and repair program.
- 12. Bench scale laboratory equipment and laboratory equipment used exclusively for chemical and physical analysis, including but not limited to, assorted vacuum producing devices and laboratory fume hoods.
- 13. Steam vents, steam leaks, and steam safety relief valves, provided the steam (or boiler feedwater) has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 14. Storage of water that has not contacted other materials or fluids containing regulated air pollutants other than boiler water treatment chemicals.
- 15. Well cellars.
- 16. Fire or emergency response equipment and training, including but not limited to, use of fire control equipment including equipment testing and training, and open burning of materials or fuels associated with firefighting training.
- 17. Crucible or pot furnaces with a brim full capacity of less than 450 cubic inches of any molten metal.
- 18. Equipment used exclusively for the melting or application of wax.
- 19. All closed tumblers used for the cleaning or deburring of metal products without abrasive blasting, and all open tumblers with a batch capacity of 1,000 lbs. or less.
- 20. Shell core and shell mold manufacturing machines.
- 21. Sand or investment molds with a capacity of 100 lbs. or less used for the casting of metals;
- 22. Equipment used for inspection of metal products.
- 23. Equipment used exclusively for rolling, forging, pressing, drawing, spinning, or extruding either hot or cold metals by some mechanical means.
- 24. Instrument systems utilizing air, natural gas, nitrogen, oxygen, carbon dioxide, helium, neon, argon, krypton, and xenon.
- 25. Battery recharging areas.
- 26. Brazing, soldering, or welding equipment.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

The tables below include the applicability determinations for the emission units, the index number(s) where applicable, and all relevant unit attribute information used to form the basis of the applicability determination. The unit attribute information is a description of the physical properties of an emission unit which is used to determine the requirements to

which the permit holder must comply. For more information about the descriptions of the unit attributes specific Unit Attribute Forms may be viewed at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_all_ua_forms.html.

A list of unit attribute forms is included at the end of this document. Some examples of unit attributes include construction date; product stored in a tank; boiler fuel type; etc.. Generally, multiple attributes are needed to determine the requirements for a given emission unit and index number. The table below lists these attributes in the column entitled "Basis of Determination." Attributes that demonstrate that an applicable requirement applies will be the factual basis for the specific citations in an applicable requirement that apply to a unit for that index number. The TCEQ Air Permits Division has developed flowcharts for determining applicability of state and federal regulations based on the unit attribute information in a Decision Support System (DSS). These flowcharts can be accessed via the internet at www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_supportsys.html. The Air Permits Division staff may also be contacted for assistance at (512) 239-1250.

The attributes for each unit and corresponding index number provide the basis for determining the specific legal citations in an applicable requirement that apply, including emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping, and reporting. The rules were found to apply or not apply by using the unit attributes as answers to decision questions found in the flowcharts of the DSS. Some additional attributes indicate which legal citations of a rule apply. The legal citations that apply to each emission unit may be found in the Applicable Requirements Summary table of the draft permit. There may be some entries or rows of units and rules not found in the permit, or if the permit contains a permit shield, repeated in the permit shield area. These are sets of attributes that describe negative applicability, or; in other words, the reason why a potentially applicable requirement does not apply.

If applicability determinations have been made which differ from the available flowcharts, an explanation of the decisions involved in the applicability determination is specified in the column "Changes and Exceptions to RRT." If there were no exceptions to the DSS, then this column has been removed.

The draft permit includes all emission limitations or standards, monitoring, recordkeeping and reporting required by each applicable requirement. If an applicable requirement does not require monitoring, recordkeeping, or reporting, the word "None" will appear in the Applicable Requirements Summary table. If additional periodic monitoring is required for an applicable requirement, it will be explained in detail in the portion of this document entitled "Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected."

When attributes demonstrate that a unit is not subject to an applicable requirement, the applicant may request a permit shield for those items. The portion of this document entitled "Basis for Applying Permit Shields" specifies which units, if any, have a permit shield.

Operational Flexibility

When an emission unit has multiple operating scenarios, it will have a different index number associated with each operating condition. This means that units are permitted to operate under multiple operating conditions. The applicable requirements for each operating condition are determined by a unique set of unit attributes. For example, a tank may store two different products at different points in time. The tank may, therefore, need to comply with two distinct sets of requirements, depending on the product that is stored. Both sets of requirements are included in the permit, so that the permit holder may store either product in the tank.

Determination of Applicable Requirements

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
090-P-02A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart ZZZZ	63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
			Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP. Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not
			operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
090-P-02B	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
090-P-02C	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
091-P-001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
091-P-100	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	t 63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
503-UD6	JD6 30 TAC Chapter 115,		Connectors = The fugitive unit contains connectors.
	Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties		Elevated Valves = The fugitive unit does not contain elevated valves.
	Counties		GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO
			PROCESS DRAINS = NO
			PUMP SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = NO
			VOC WEIGHT PERCENT = COMPONENTS CONTACT A PROCESS FLUID THAT CONTAINS AT LEAST 10% VOC BY WEIGHT
			2 INCH VALVES = SOME VALVES HAVE A NOMINAL SIZE OF 2 INCHES OR LESS.
			ACR = No connectors are complying with an alternate control requirement.
			Complying with § 115.327(3) and § 115.322(1) = Connectors qualify for the exemption in § 115.327(3) and are complying with § 115.322(1).
			Remaining Components Complying with § 115.322(1) = Connectors are complying with § 115.322(1).
			Components Complying with § 115.358 = No components are complying with the alternative work practice in § 115.358.
			LIQUID VOC SERVICE = YES
			PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES IN GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO
			ACR = NO
			COMPYLING WITH 115.327(3) OR (5) AND 115.322(1) = YES
			REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = YES

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
503-UD6	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CCVV-DOCK6	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = NO
	CC		COMPRESSOR IN HYDROGEN SERVICE = NO
			ENCLOSED COMBUSTION DEVICE = NO
			EXISTING SOURCE = YES
			FLARE = NO
			OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE IN GAS/VAPOR SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			VACUUM SERVICE = NO
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM = NO
			COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES
			COMPRESSOR NOT IN HYDROGEN SERVICE = NO
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMIT = NO
			PUMP IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS = YES
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS = NO
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO
			PUMP IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
517-S14	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
517-S14	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CCVV-ALL	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = YES EXISTING SOURCE = YES FLARE = YES CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES FLARE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO AMEL = NO CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-10 = YES FLARE COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
521-FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE
521-FUG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CCVV-ALL	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = YES EXISTING SOURCE = YES FLARE = YES CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES FLARE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO AMEL = NO CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-10 = YES FLARE COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
521-H1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
521-P-067	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60IIII-FPENG01	Applicability Date = Stationary CI ICE commenced construction, reconstruction, or modification after 07/11/2005. Diesel = Diesel fuel is used. Kilowatts = Power rating is greater than or equal to 75 KW and less than 130 KW. Exemptions = The CI ICE is not exempt due to national security, testing at an engine test cell/stand or as a temporary replacement. Displacement = Displacement is less than 10 liters per cylinder. Service = CI ICE is a fire-pump engine, an emergency engine certified to National Fire Protection Association requirements. Standards = The emergency CI ICE does not meet the standards applicable to non-emergency engines. Commencing = CI ICE was newly constructed after 07/11/2005. Compliance Option = Certified engine according to §60.4211(b)(1). Manufacture Date = Date of manufacture was after 07/01/2006. Model Year = CI ICE was manufactured in model year 2007.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
521-P-067	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63ZZZZ-FPENG02	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction on or after June 12, 2006.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
521-TK0001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
	CC		Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel.
			Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
521-TK0008	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
	CC		Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel.
			Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
521-TKFRAC	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
	CC		Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel.
			Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
525/526FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE
525/526FUG	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart VV	60VV	Produces Chemicals = The fugitive unit is not part of a facility that produces as an intermediate or final product one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.489.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
525/526FUG	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CCVV-ALL	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = YES EXISTING SOURCE = YES FLARE = YES CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES FLARE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO AMEL = NO CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-10 = YES FLARE COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
525-V5A12	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT01	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
525-V5A8	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT01	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
525-V5B12	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT01	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source. Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
525-V5B8	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT01	Chapter 115 Division = The vent stream does not originate from a source for which another Division in 30 TAC Chapter 115 establishes a control requirement, emission specification, or exemption for that source.
			Combustion Exhaust = The vent stream is not from a combustion unit exhaust or the combustion unit is used as a control device for a vent stream originating from a noncombustion source subject to 30 TAC Chapter 115, Subchapter B, Division 2.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
			VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv.
			VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.
525-V-8	30 TAC Chapter 115,	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Vent Gas Controls		Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
525-V-8	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-06	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The miscellaneous process vent is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
			Divert Vent Stream = The miscellaneous process vent utilizes a vent system that contains by-pass lines that could divert the vent stream away from the control device used to comply with 40 CFR § 63.644(a).
			Subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H or I = The miscellaneous process vent is subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC.
			Group 1 = The miscellaneous process vent is a Group 1 vent.
			Secured By-pass Line = The by-pass line valve is secured in the closed position with a car-seal or a lock and key type configuration.
			Automated Data Compression Recording System = OWNER/OPERATOR DOES NOT USE AN AUTOMATED DATA COMPRESSION SYSTEM THAT RECORDS ALL VALUES THAT MEET SET CRITERIA FOR VARIATION FROM PREVIOUSLY RECORDED VALUES.
			Continuous Operating Parameter Provisions = The owner or operator does not use an alternative to the continuous operating parameter monitoring and recordkeeping provisions of 40 CFR § 63.654(i).
			Control Device = Boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of greater or equal to than 44 MW or a boiler or process heater in which all vent streams are introduced into the flame zone.
			Additional Parameter Monitoring = Parameters specified in 40 CFR § 63.644(a) are being monitored.
525-V9	30 TAC Chapter 115,	, 115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used.
	Vent Gas Controls		Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor.
			Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
527-H1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
527-H2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
527-H2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b). Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007. Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.
546-FUG99A	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE
546-FUG99A	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60VV	Produces Chemicals = The fugitive unit is not part of a facility that produces as an intermediate or final product one or more of the chemicals listed in 40 CFR § 60.489.
546-FUG99A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CCVV-1	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = YES EXISTING SOURCE = YES FLARE = YES CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES FLARE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO AMEL = NO CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLETION) SYSTEMS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-10 = YES FLARE COMPLYING WITH §60.482-10 = YES
546-FUG99A	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CCVV-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC/VHAP FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO MACT CC AND COMPLYING WITH NSPS VV REQUIREMENTS WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICES
546-H1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
546-H1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b). Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007. Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.
546-H2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
546-H3	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
546-H4	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
546-H5	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
546-V13	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
546-V18	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
546-V27	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
546-V28	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
546-V28	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-VENT2	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The miscellaneous process vent is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6). Divert Vent Stream = The miscellaneous process vent utilizes a vent system that contains no by-pass lines. Subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H or I = The miscellaneous process vent is subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC. Group 1 = The miscellaneous process vent is a Group 1 vent. Automated Data Compression Recording System = OWNER/OPERATOR DOES NOT USE AN AUTOMATED DATA COMPRESSION SYSTEM THAT RECORDS ALL VALUES THAT MEET SET CRITERIA FOR VARIATION FROM PREVIOUSLY RECORDED VALUES. Continuous Operating Parameter Provisions = The owner or operator does not use an alternative to the continuous operating parameter monitoring and recordkeeping provisions of 40 CFR § 63.654(i). Control Device = Boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of greater or equal to than 44 MW or a boiler or process heater in which all vent streams are introduced into the flame zone. Additional Parameter Monitoring = Parameters specified in 40 CFR § 63.644(a) are being monitored.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
547-H1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
547-H2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
552-TK0001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
552-TK0001	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
552-TK0001	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-TANK	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe seal
552-TK0002	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-TANK	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe seal
553-FUG	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE
554-ME5	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b). Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007.
			Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.
561-FUG99B	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322-ALL	SOP Index No. = OWNER/OPERATOR ASSUMES VOC FUGITIVE CONTROL REQUIREMENTS FOR ALL COMPONENTS SUBJECT TO CHAPTER 115 SUBCHAPTER D DIVISION 2 WITH NO ALTERNATE CONTROL OR CONTROL DEVICE

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
566-G-001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63ZZZZ-FPENG01	HAP Source = The site is a major source of hazardous air pollutants as defined in 40 CFR § 63.2
	ZZZZ		Brake HP = Stationary RICE with a brake HP greater than or equal to 300 HP and less than or equal to 500 HP.
			Construction/Reconstruction Date = Commenced construction or reconstruction before December 19, 2002.
			Service Type = Emergency use where the RICE does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(2)(ii) and (iii) or does not operate as specified in 40 CFR §63.6640(f)(4)(ii).
			Stationary RICE Type = Compression ignition engine
566-TK0101	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
566-TK0101	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60Kb	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate)
	Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
572-CPI1	30 TAC Chapter 115, Water Separation	115-OWS01	Alternate Control Requirement = The executive director (or the EPA Administrator) has not approved an ACR or exemption criteria in accordance with 30 TAC § 115.910.
			Exemption = Any single or multiple compartment VOC water separator which separates materials having a TVP less than 1.5 psia (10.3 kPa) obtained from any equipment.
572-TK0002	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than or equal to 1,000 gallons
572-TK0002	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
573-ME1	30 TAC Chapter 111,	111-FLARE01	Acid Gases Only = Flare is not used only as an acid gas flare as defined in 30 TAC § 101.1.
	Visible Emissions		Emergency/Upset Conditions Only = Flare is used under conditions other than emergency or upset conditions.
			Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60A-02	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60A-03	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60A-04	Subject to 40 CFR § 60.18 = Flare is subject to 40 CFR § 60.18.
	A		Adhering to Heat Content Specifications = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(3)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 60.18(c)(4).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam-assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm)
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63A-01	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is less than 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec)
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63A-02	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is less than or equal to 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63A-03	Required Under 40 CFR Part 63 = Flare is required by a Subpart under 40 CFR Part 63.
	A		Heat Content Specification = Adhering to the heat content specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(6)(ii) and the maximum tip velocity specifications in 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(7) or 40 CFR § 63.11(b)(8).
			Flare Assist Type = Steam assisted
			Flare Exit Velocity = Flare exit velocity is greater than or equal to 60 ft/s (18.3 m/sec) but less than 400 ft/s (122 m/sec).
			Heating Value of Gas = Heating value is greater than 1000 Btu/scf (37.3 MJ/scm).
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b).
			Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007.
			Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
573-ME1	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-FLARE01	Unit Type = Individual drain system CLOSED VENT SYSTEM AND CONTROL DEVICE AMOC = Complying with the requirements of § 61.349 By-pass Line = System does not contain by-pass lines Control Device Type/Operation = Flare.
573-V2	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT03	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Smokeless flare Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
581-CT1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart Q	63Q	Used Compounds Containing Chromium on or After September 8, 1994 = The industrial process cooling tower has not used compounds containing chromium on or after September 8, 1994.
585-TK0104	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Product Stored = Gasoline from a storage container in motor vehicle fuel dispensing service (as defined in 30 TAC Chapter 115) Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 25,000 gallons
585-TK0104	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate) Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
585-TK0105	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
585-TK0105	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60Kb	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate) Storage Capacity = Capacity is less than 10,600 gallons (40,000 liters)
585-TK6015	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-06	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
585-TK6015	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK02	Existing Source = The storage vessel is at an existing source.
	CC		Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
			Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			True Vapor Pressure = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAPs in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa)
			Emission Control Type = External floating roof
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 1 storage vessel (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.641)
			Seal Type = METALLIC SHOE PRIMARY SEAL AS OF JULY 15, 1994
585-TK6019	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-03	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
585-TK6019	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
	CC		Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel.
			Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
590-H1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
590-H1	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60Ja	Facility Type = Process heater that is used for fuel gas that does NOT meet requirements in § 60.107a(a)(3).
	Ja		Heater Capacity = The process heater is rated greater than 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr.
			Low-NO _x = The process heater has low-NO _x or ultra low-NO _x burners.
			Construction/Modification Date = After May 14, 2007 and on or before June 24, 2008.
			Sulfur Emission Limit = Owner or operator is choosing SO ₂ limit in terms of ppmv H ₂ S in fuel gas.
590-H2	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	CONSTRUCTION/RECONSTRUCTION DATE = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
590-H2	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ja	60Ja	Facility Type = Process heater that is used for fuel gas that does NOT meet requirements in § 60.107a(a)(3). Heater Capacity = The process heater is rated greater than 40 MMBtu/hr but less than 100 MMBtu/hr. Low-NOx = The process heater has low-NO _x or ultra low-NO _x burners. Construction/Modification Date = After May 14, 2007 and on or before June 24, 2008. Sulfur Emission Limit = Owner or operator is choosing SO ₂ limit in terms of ppmv H ₂ S in fuel gas.
590V036	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-SEP	Alternate Means of Compliance = NO By-Pass Line = THE CLOSED VENT SYSTEM HAS NO BY-PASS LINE Alternative Standards for Oil-Water Separator = NO Control Device Type/Operation = FLARE Fuel Gas System = EMISSIONS ARE ROUTED TO A CONTROL DEVICE Cover and Closed Vent = CLOSED VENT SYSTEM IS OPERATED SUCH THAT THE OIL-WATER SEPARATOR IS MAINTAINED AT NON-NEGATIVE PRESSURE (GREATER THAN ATMOSPHERIC) Close Vent System and Control Device AMOC = COMPLYING WITH THE REQUIREMENTS OF § 61.349
90-T5001	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
90-T5001	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia
90-T5002	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
90-T5002	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal
90-T5003	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
			Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
90-T5003	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia
90-T5004	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
90-T5004	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia

Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
		Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
		Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate
		True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
		Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe
		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
		Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer
Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
		Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
		Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal
		Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia
30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
		Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
		Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate
		True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
		Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe
		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
		Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer
Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
		Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia
		Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal
		Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia
30 TAC Chapter 115,	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
Storage or vece		Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof
		Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate
		True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
		Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe
		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
		Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
90-T5007	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal
			Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia
90-T5008	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115-TK07	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Welded tank using an external floating roof Product Stored = Crude oil and/or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Primary Seal = Mechanical shoe Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons Secondary Seal = Secondary seal not determined since 30 TAC §§ 115.117(a)(4) or 115.117(b)(4) exemption is not utilized
90-T5008	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb	60KB-TK01	Product Stored = Crude oil stored, processed, and/or treated after custody transfer Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters) Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 0.75 psia but less than 11.1 psia Storage Vessel Description = Pontoon-type or double-deck-type external floating roof with mechanical shoe primary seal Reid Vapor Pressure = Reid vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 2.0 psia

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
90-UD3	30 TAC Chapter 115,	R5322-DOCK3	Connectors = The fugitive unit contains connectors.
	Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties		Elevated Valves = The fugitive unit does not contain elevated valves.
	Counties		GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO
			PROCESS DRAINS = YES
			PUMP SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = NO
			VOC WEIGHT PERCENT = COMPONENTS CONTACT A PROCESS FLUID THAT CONTAINS AT LEAST 10% VOC BY WEIGHT
			2 INCH VALVES = SOME VALVES HAVE A NOMINAL SIZE OF 2 INCHES OR LESS.
			ACR = No connectors are complying with an alternate control requirement.
			Complying with § 115.327(3) and § 115.322(1) = YES
			Remaining Components Complying with § 115.322(1) = Connectors are complying with § 115.322(1).
			REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = YES
			Components Complying with § 115.358 = No components are complying with the alternative work practice in § 115.358.
			COMPRESSOR SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = NO
			LIQUID VOC SERVICE = YES
			PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES IN GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO
			ACR = NO
			COMPYLING WITH 115.327(3) OR (5) AND 115.322(1) = YES
			REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = YES

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
90-UD3	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CCVV-DOCK3	CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = NO
	CC		COMPRESSOR IN HYDROGEN SERVICE = NO
			ENCLOSED COMBUSTION DEVICE = NO
			EXISTING SOURCE = YES
			FLARE = NO
			OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE IN GAS/VAPOR SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICE IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			VACUUM SERVICE = NO
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM = NO
			COMPLYING WITH TITLE 40 CFR 60 SUBPART VV = YES
			COMPRESSOR NOT IN HYDROGEN SERVICE = NO
			PUMP IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMIT = NO
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS = YES
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS = YES
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			COMPLYING WITH §60.482-8 = YES
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO
			PUMP IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEM EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE EQUIVALENT EMISSION LIMITATION = NO
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-5 = YES
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-7 = YES
91-T4001	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6).
	CC		Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I.
			Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel.
			Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
91-T4002	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6). Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I. Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb.
			Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel. Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
91-T4003	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6). Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I. Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb. Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel. Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
CAUSTLOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of VOC	115-LOAD03	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal. Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized. Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline. Transfer Type = Only loading. True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia. Daily Throughput = Loading less than 20,000 gallons per day.
DEGRSR1-MS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	115-DEGR1	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Cold solvent cleaning machine. Alternate Control Requirement = The TCEQ Executive Director has not approved an alternative control requirement as allowed under 30 TAC § 115.413 or not alternative has been requested. Solvent Sprayed = A solvent is sprayed. Solvent Vapor Pressure = Solvent vapor pressure is greater than 0.6 psia as measured at 100 degrees Fahrenheit. Solvent Heated = The solvent is not heated to a temperature greater than 120° F. Parts Larger than Drainage = No cleaned parts for which the machine is authorized to clean are larger than the internal drainage facility of the machine. Drainage Area = Area is greater than or equal to 16 square inches. Disposal in Enclosed Containers = Waste solvent is properly disposed of in enclosed containers.
DEGRSR2-ES	30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	115-SOLV11	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Degreasing operations located on a property which, when uncontrolled, can emit a combined weight of VOC less than 550 pounds in any consecutive 24-hour period.
DEGRSR3-PS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	115-SOLV11	Solvent Degreasing Machine Type = Degreasing operations located on a property which, when uncontrolled, can emit a combined weight of VOC less than 550 pounds in any consecutive 24-hour period.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
EP-1	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart UUU	63UUU-CRU	CRU HCI Emission Limitation = Existing cyclic or continuous CRU reducing uncontrolled emissions of HCl by 97% by weight or to a concentration of 10 ppmv.
			CRU TOC Emission Limitation = Reduce uncontrolled emissions of TOC or nonmethane TOC by 98% by weight or to a concentration of 20 ppmv (Option 2).
			CRU HCl Control Device = Moving-bed gas-solid adsorption system.
			CRU Engineering Assessment = Demonstrating compliance by performance test.
			CRU Bypass Line = Use a manual lock system by installing a car-seal or lock-and-key device.
FUG-FGRS	30 TAC Chapter 115,	R5322-FGRS	GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = YES
	Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties		PROCESS DRAINS = NO
	Counties		PUMP SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = YES
			VOC WEIGHT PERCENT = COMPONENTS CONTACT A PROCESS FLUID THAT CONTAINS AT LEAST 10% VOC BY WEIGHT
			2 INCH VALVES = SOME VALVES HAVE A NOMINAL SIZE OF 2 INCHES OR LESS.
			ACR = NO
			Complying with § 115.327(3) and § 115.322(1) = NO
			Complying with § 115.327(5) and § 115.322(1) = NO
			REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = PUMPS COMPLY WITH § 115.322(1)
			COMPRESSOR SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = YES
			LIQUID VOC SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES IN GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO
			ACR = NO
			Complying with § 115.327(3) or (6) and § 115.322(1) = NO
			REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = YES

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
FUG-FGRS	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60GGG-FGRS	ANY COMPRESSORS = YES
	GGG		CLOSED VENT (OR VAPOR COLLECTION) SYSTEMS = NO
			CONSTRUCTION/MODIFICATION DATE = AFTER JANUARY 4, 1983
			ENCLOSED COMBUSTION DEVICE = NO
			EQUIPMENT IN VACUUM SERVICE = NO
			FLANGES AND OTHER CONNECTORS = YES
			FLARE = NO
			SAMPLING CONNECTION SYSTEMS = NO
			VALVES IN GAS/VAPOR OR LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			VAPOR RECOVERY SYSTEM = NO
			AFFECTED FACILITY COVERED BY 40 CFR 60 SUBPARTS VV OR KKK = NO
			COMPRESSORS IN HYDROGEN SERVICE = NO COMPRESSORS IN HYDROGEN SERVICE
			EEL = NO EQUIVALENT MEANS OF EMISSION LIMITATION APPROVED
			PUMPS IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = YES
			EEL = NO EQUIVALENT MEANS OF EMISSION LIMITATION APPROVED
			RECIPROCATING COMPRESSORS THAT BECAME AFFECTED FACILITY PER § 60.14 OR § 60.15 = NO
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-7 = YES
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-8 = YES
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-2 = YES
			OPEN-ENDED VALVES OR LINES = NO
			VALVES IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			COMPLYING WITH § 60.482-3 = YES
			PUMPS IN HEAVY LIQUID SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN GAS/VAPOR SERVICE = NO
			PRESSURE RELIEF DEVICES IN LIGHT LIQUID SERVICE = NO

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*	
FUG-ULSD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Fugitives Pet Ref B Counties	R5322	GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = YES PROCESS DRAINS = NO PUMP SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = YES VOC WEIGHT PERCENT = COMPONENTS CONTACT A PROCESS FLUID THAT CONTAINS AT LEAST 10% VOC BY WEIGHT 2 INCH VALVES = SOME VALVES HAVE A NOMINAL SIZE OF 2 INCHES OR LESS. ACR = NO Complying with § 115.327(3) and § 115.322(1) = YES Complying with § 115.327(5) and § 115.322(1) = YES REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = PUMPS COMPLY WITH § 115.322(1) COMPRESSOR SEALS IN VOC SERVICE = YES LIQUID VOC SERVICE = YES PRESSURE RELIEF VALVES IN GASEOUS VOC SERVICE = NO ACR = NO Complying with § 115.327(3) or (6) and § 115.322(1) = YES COMPYLING WITH 115.327(3) OR (5) AND 115.322(1) = YES REMAINING COMPONENTS COMPLYING WITH 115.322(1) = YES	
FUG-ULSD	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart GGGa	60GGGa	Construction/Modification Date = Affected facility was constructed, reconstructed or modified after November 7, 2006. Equipment Components = Components are present.	
GRP11VENT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT01	Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above). VOC Concentration = VOC concentration is less than 30,000 ppmv. VOC Concentration/Emission Rate @ Max Operating Conditions = The VOC concentration or emission rate is less than the applicable exemption limit at maximum actual operating conditions and the alternate recordkeeping requirements of 30 TAC § 115.126(4) are being selected.	
GRP15VENT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	
GRP17VENT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT04	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Vapor recovery system, as defined in 30 TAC § 115.10, other than an afterburner, blast furnace combustion device, boiler, catalytic or direct flame incinerator, carbon adsorption system, chiller, flare or vapor combustor. Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).	

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRP1HTR	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b). Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007. Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.
GRP20VENT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT06	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C). Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
GRP21VENT	30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	115-VENT06	Alternate Control Requirement = Alternate control is not used. Control Device Type = Direct flame incinerator in which the vent gas stream is burned at a temperature or at least 1300° F (704 C). Vent Type = Vent gas stream emissions of the specified classes of VOCs including aldehydes, alcohols, aromatics, ethers, olefins, peroxides, amines, acids, esters, ketones, sulfides, and branched chain hydrocarbons (C8 and above).
GRP3BOILER	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart D	60D	Construction/Modification Date = After September 18, 1978. Covered Under Subpart Da = The steam generating unit is not covered under 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Da. Changes to Existing Affected Facility = No change has been made to the existing fossil fuel-fired steam generating unit. Heat Input Rate = Heat input rate is less than or equal to 250 MMBtu/hr (73 MW).
GRP3BOILER	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Db	60Db	Construction/Modification Date = On or before June 19, 1984.
GRP3BOILER	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Dc	60Dc	Construction/Modification Date = On or before June 9, 1989.
GRP3BOILER	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart DDDDD	63DDDD-01	Construction/Reconstruction Date = Construction or reconstruction began on or before June 4, 2010.
GRP3BOILER	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart J	60J-FUEL01	Facility Type = Fuel gas combustion device, other than a flare, that does not meet requirements in §§ 60.105(a)(4)(iv) or 60.105(b). Construction/Modification Date = After June 11, 1973 and on or before May 14, 2007. Monitoring Device = No instrument is in place for continuously monitoring and recording the concentration by volume of SO ₂ emissions into the atmosphere.

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRP4WPCF	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-TK01	Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6). Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I. Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb. Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 2 vessel. Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit.
GRP5WPRO	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-05	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank using an internal floating roof (IFR) Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
GRP5WPRO	40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF	61FF-TANK	Waste Treatment Tank = The tank manages, treats or stores a waste stream subject to 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart FF. Alternative Standard for Tanks = The tank is complying with the alternative standards in 40 CFR § 61.351. Kb Tank Type = Using a fixed roof and internal floating roof, that meets the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.112b(a)(1) Seal Type = Mechanical shoe seal
GRP5WPRO	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC	63CC-TK03	Existing Source = The storage vessel is at an existing source. Specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1)-(6) = The storage vessel is not part of a process specified in 40 CFR § 63.640(g)(1) - (6). Subject to 40 CFR Part 63 Subparts F, G, H or I = The storage vessel is not subject to 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts F, G, H, or I. True Vapor Pressure = Maximum true vapor pressure of the total organic HAPs in the liquid is less than 11.11 psi (76.6 kPa) Emission Control Type = Fixed roof and an internal floating roof Existing Kb Source = The storage vessel is not part of an existing source or is not subject to the provisions of 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb. Group 1 Storage Vessel = The storage vessel is a Group 1 storage vessel (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.641) Applicability = The storage vessel is required to comply with 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart CC and is part of a process unit. Seal Type = Metallic shoe seal (as defined in 40 CFR § 63.111)
GRP6WPRO	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria. Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 25,000 gallons but less than or equal to 40,000 gallons
GRP6WPRO	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka	Product Stored = Petroleum liquid (other than petroleum or condensate) Storage Capacity = Capacity is 40,000 gallons (151,416 liters) or less

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRP7EQTK	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
GRP7EQTK	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60Kb	Product Stored = Volatile organic liquid
	Kb		Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than or equal to 39,900 gallons (151,000 liters)
			Maximum True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 0.5 psia
GRP8OILY	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 40,000 gallons
GRP8OILY	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
GRP9MDEA	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	R5112	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
GRP9MDEA	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Ka	60Ka	Product Stored = Stored product other than a petroleum liquid
GRPVENDTKS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-1	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.0 psia but less than 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons

Unit ID	Regulation	Index Number	Basis of Determination*
GRPVENDTKS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-2	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank does not require emission controls
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.0 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
GRPVENDTKS	30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	115TK-3	Alternate Control Requirement = Not using an alternate method for demonstrating and documenting continuous compliance with applicable control requirements or exemption criteria.
			Tank Description = Tank using a submerged fill pipe
			Product Stored = VOC other than crude oil or condensate
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is greater than or equal to 1.5 psia
			Storage Capacity = Capacity is greater than 1,000 gallons but less than or equal to 25,000 gallons
H-99	30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	111-VENT01	Alternate Opacity Limitation = Not complying with an alternate opacity limit under 30 TAC § 111.113.
			Vent Source = The source of the vent is not a steam generator fired by solid fossil fuel, oil or a mixture of oil and gas and is not a catalyst regenerator for a fluid bed catalytic cracking unit.
			Opacity Monitoring System = Optical instrument capable of measuring the opacity of emissions is not installed in the vent or optical instrumentation does not meet the requirements of § 111.111(a)(1)(D), or the vent stream does not qualify for the exemption in § 111.111(a)(3).
			Construction Date = After January 31, 1972
			Effluent Flow Rate = Effluent flow rate is at least 100,000 actual cubic feet per minute.
SLUDGELOAD	30 TAC Chapter 115, Loading and Unloading of	115-LOAD02	Chapter 115 Facility Type = Facility type other than a gasoline terminal, gasoline bulk plant, motor vehicle fuel dispensing facility or marine terminal.
	VOC		Alternate Control Requirement (ACR) = No alternate control requirements are being utilized.
			Product Transferred = Volatile organic compounds other than liquefied petroleum gas, crude oil, condensate and gasoline.
			Transfer Type = Only loading.
			True Vapor Pressure = True vapor pressure is less than 1.5 psia.
WP-SRU	30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	R112	Sulfur Recovery Plant = The gas sweetening unit is using sulfur recovery.
			Stack Height = Effective stack height greater than or equal to the standard effective stack height.
WP-SRU	40 CFR Part 60, Subpart	60J-SRU01	Facility Type = Claus sulfur recovery plant with a design capacity for sulfur feed greater than 20 LTPD with oxidation control systems.
			Construction/Modification Date = After October 4, 1976 and on or before May 14, 2007.
WP-SRU	40 CFR Part 63, Subpart UUU	63UUU-WP-SRU	SRU Emission Limitation = Claus SRU part of sulfur recovery plant greater than or equal to 20 long tons/day using oxidation or reduction system followed by incineration subject to 250 ppmv SO ₂ emission limit in §60.104(a)(2). SRU Bypass Line = No bypass line serving the SRU.
			ONO Dypass Line = INO Dypass line serving the SINO.

^{* -} The "unit attributes" or operating conditions that determine what requirements apply

NSR Versus Title V FOP

The state of Texas has two Air permitting programs, New Source Review (NSR) and Title V Federal Operating Permits. The two programs are substantially different both in intent and permit content.

NSR is a preconstruction permitting program authorized by the Texas Clean Air Act and Title I of the Federal Clean Air Act (FCAA). The processing of these permits is governed by 30 Texas Administrative Code (TAC) Chapter 116.111. The Title V Federal Operating Program is a federal program authorized under Title V of the FCAA that has been delegated to the state of Texas to administer and is governed by 30 TAC Chapter 122. The major differences between the two permitting programs are listed in the table below:

NSR Permit	Federal Operating Permit(FOP)
Issued Prior to new Construction or modification of an existing facility	For initial permit with application shield, can be issued after operation commences; significant revisions require approval prior to operation.
Authorizes air emissions	Codifies existing applicable requirements, does not authorize new emissions
Ensures issued permits are protective of the environment and human health by conducting a health effects review and that requirement for best available control technology (BACT) is implemented.	Applicable requirements listed in permit are used by the inspectors to ensure proper operation of the site as authorized. Ensures that adequate monitoring is in place to allow compliance determination with the FOP.
Up to two Public notices may be required. Opportunity for public comment and contested case hearings for some authorizations.	One public notice required. Opportunity for public comments. No contested case hearings.
Applies to all point source emissions in the state.	Applies to all major sources and some non-major sources identified by the EPA.
Applies to facilities: a portion of site or individual emission sources	One or multiple FOPs cover the entire site (consists of multiple facilities)
Permits include terms and conditions under which the applicant must construct and operate its various equipment and processes on a facility basis.	Permits include terms and conditions that specify the general operational requirements of the site; and also include codification of all applicable requirements for emission units at the site.
Opportunity for EPA review for Federal Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) and Nonattainment (NA) permits for major sources.	Opportunity for EPA review, Affected states review, and a Public petition period for every FOP.
Permits have a table listing maximum emission limits for pollutants	Permit has an applicable requirements table and Periodic Monitoring (PM) / Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) tables which document applicable monitoring requirements.
Permits can be altered or amended upon application by company. Permits must be issued before construction or modification of facilities can begin.	Permits can be revised through several revision processes, which provide for different levels of public notice and opportunity to comment. Changes that would be significant revisions require that a revised permit be issued before those changes can be operated.
NSR permits are issued independent of FOP requirements.	FOP are independent of NSR permits, but contain a list of all NSR permits incorporated by reference

New Source Review Requirements

Below is a list of the New Source Review (NSR) permits for the permitted area. These NSR permits are incorporated by reference into the operating permit and are enforceable under it. These permits can be found in the main TCEQ file room, located on the first floor of Building E, 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas. In addition, many of the permits are accessible online through the link provided below. The Public Education Program may be contacted at 1-800-687-4040 or the Air Permits Division (APD) may be contacted at 1-512-239-1250 for help with any question.

Additionally, the site contains emission units that are permitted by rule under the requirements of 30 TAC Chapter 106, Permits by Rule. Permit by Rule (PBR) registrations submitted by permittees are also available online through the link provided below. The following table specifies the PBRs that apply to the site.

The TCEQ has interpreted the emission limits prescribed in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as both emission thresholds and default emission limits. The emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) are all considered applicable to each facility as a threshold matter to ensure that the owner/operator qualifies for the PBR authorization. Those same emission limits are also the default emission limits if the specific PBR does not further limit emissions or there is no lower, certified emission limit claimed by the owner/operator.

This interpretation is consistent with how TCEQ has historically determined compliance with the emission limits prior to the addition of the "as applicable" language. The "as applicable" language was added in 2014 as part of changes to the sentence structure in a rulemaking that made other changes to address greenhouse gases and was not intended as a substantive rule change. This interpretation also provides for effective and practical enforcement of 30 TAC §106.4(a), since for the TCEQ to effectively enforce the emission limits in 30 TAC §106.4(a) as emission thresholds, all emission limits must apply. As provided by 30 TAC §106.4(a)(2) and (3), an owner/operator shall not claim a PBR authorization if the facility is subject to major New Source Review. The practical and legal effect of the language in 30 TAC § 106.4 is that if a facility does not emit a pollutant, then the potential to emit for that particular pollutant is zero, and thus, the facility is not authorized to emit the pollutant pursuant to the PBR.

The status of air permits, applications, and PBR registrations may be found by performing the appropriate search of the databases located at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

Details on how to search the databases are available in the **Obtaining Permit Documents** section below.

New Source Review Authorization References

Prevention of Significant Deterioration (PSD) Permits		
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX337M1	Issuance Date: 05/27/2015	
PSD Permit No.: PSDTX408M3	Issuance Date: 11/26/2018	
Title 30 TAC Chapter 116 Permits, Special Permits, and Other Authorizations (Other Than Permits By Rule, PSD Permits, or NA Permits) for the Application Area.		
Authorization No.: 47421	Issuance Date: 10/03/2011	
Authorization No.: 7741A	Issuance Date: 05/27/2015	
Authorization No.: 80810	Issuance Date: 06/22/2018	
Authorization No.: 8778A	Issuance Date: 11/26/2018	
Permits By Rule (30 TAC Chapter 106) for the Application Area		
Number: 106.183	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998	
Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000	

New Source Review Authorization References

Number: 106.261	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 12/24/1998
Number: 106.262	Version No./Date: 11/01/2003
Number: 106.263	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001
Number: 106.454	Version No./Date: 11/01/2001
Number: 106.472	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.473	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.478	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.511	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 106.532	Version No./Date: 09/04/2000
Number: 15	Version No./Date: 09/23/1982
Number: 51	Version No./Date: 08/30/1988
Number: 51	Version No./Date: 09/12/1989
Number: 53	Version No./Date: 08/30/1988
Number: 53	Version No./Date: 09/12/1989
Number: 57	Version No./Date: 09/23/1982
Number: 58	Version No./Date: 05/12/1981
Number: 61	Version No./Date: 10/04/1995
Number: 62	Version No./Date: 05/12/1981
Number: 63	Version No./Date: 05/12/1981

Emission Units and Emission Points

In air permitting terminology, any source capable of generating emissions (for example, an engine or a sandblasting area) is called an Emission Unit. For purposes of Title V, emission units are specifically listed in the operating permit when they have applicable requirements other than New Source Review (NSR), or when they are listed in the permit shield table.

The actual physical location where the emissions enter the atmosphere (for example, an engine stack or a sand-blasting yard) is called an emission point. For New Source Review preconstruction permitting purposes, every emission unit has an associated emission point. Emission limits are listed in an NSR permit, associated with an emission point. This list of emission points and emission limits per pollutant is commonly referred to as the "Maximum Allowable Emission Rate Table", or "MAERT" for short. Specifically, the MAERT lists the Emission Point Number (EPN) that identifies the emission point, followed immediately by the Source Name, identifying the emission unit that is the source of those emissions on this table.

Thus, by reference, an emission unit in a Title V operating permit is linked by reference number to an NSR authorization, and its related emission point.

Monitoring Sufficiency

Federal and state rules, 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(B) and 30 TAC § 122.142(c) respectively, require that each federal operating permit include additional monitoring for applicable requirements that lack periodic or instrumental monitoring (which may include recordkeeping that serves as monitoring) that yields reliable data from a relevant time period that are

representative of the emission unit's compliance with the applicable emission limitation or standard. Furthermore, the federal operating permit must include compliance assurance monitoring (CAM) requirements for emission sources that meet the applicability criteria of 40 CFR Part 64 in accordance with 40 CFR § 70.6(a)(3)(i)(A) and 30 TAC § 122.604(b).

With the exception of any emission units listed in the Periodic Monitoring or CAM Summaries in the FOP, the TCEQ Executive Director has determined that the permit contains sufficient monitoring, testing, recordkeeping, and reporting requirements that assure compliance with the applicable requirements. If applicable, each emission unit that requires additional monitoring in the form of periodic monitoring or CAM is described in further detail under the Rationale for CAM/PM Methods Selected section following this paragraph.

Rationale for Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM)/ Periodic Monitoring Methods Selected

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM):

Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) is a federal monitoring program established under Title 40 Code of Federal Regulations Part 64 (40 CFR Part 64).

Emission units are subject to CAM requirements if they meet the following criteria:

- 1. the emission unit is subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement;
- 2. the emission unit uses a control device to achieve compliance with the emission limitation or standard specified in the applicable requirement; and
- 3. the emission unit has the pre-control device potential to emit greater than or equal to the amount in tons per year for a site to be classified as a major source.

The following table(s) identify the emission unit(s) that are subject to CAM:

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: WP-SRU	
Control Device ID No.: 554-ME5	Control Device Type: Sulfur Recovery Unit with Incinerator
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 112, Sulfur Compounds	SOP Index No.: R112
Pollutant: SO ₂	Main Standard: § 112.7(a)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: SO ₂ emission rate	
Minimum Frequency: four times per hour	
Averaging Period: hourly	
Deviation Limit: SO ₂ emission rate exceeds 1,057 lb/h	г
	alibrate and use a portable analyzer or CEMS to measure SO ₂ od 6C. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or

Basis of CAM: It is widely practiced and accepted to calibrate and use a portable analyzer or CEMS to measure SO₂ concentration with procedures such as EPA Test Method 6C. The measured concentration along with stack flow rate or AP-42 factors and fuel consumption records may be used to demonstrate compliance with an underlying emission limit or standard.

Periodic Monitoring:

The Federal Clean Air Act requires that each federal operating permit include monitoring sufficient to assure compliance with the terms and conditions of the permit. Most of the emission limits and standards applicable to emission units at Title V sources include adequate monitoring to show that the units meet the limits and standards. For those requirements that do not include monitoring, or where the monitoring is not sufficient to assure compliance, the federal operating permit must include such monitoring for the emission units affected. The following emission units are subject to periodic monitoring requirements because the emission units are subject to an emission limitation or standard for an air pollutant (or surrogate thereof) in an applicable requirement that does not already require monitoring, or the monitoring for the applicable requirement is not sufficient to assure compliance:

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 525-V-8		
Control Device ID No.: 527-H2	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Records of heater construction		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Maintain records sufficient to demonstrate that the vent is introduced into the flame zone		
Basis of monitoring: Introduction of the vent stream into the flame zone ensures proper combustion of VOC emissions.		

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 525-V9		
Control Device ID No.: 527-H2	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is less than 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Records of heater construction		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		
Deviation Limit: Maintain records sufficient to demonstrate that the vent is introduced into the flame zone.		
Basis of monitoring: Introduction of the vent stream into the flame zone ensures proper combustion of VOC emissions.		

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 546-V13	
Control Device ID No.: 546-H1	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)
Monitoring Information	

Indicator: Fuel use records Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Periods when fuel use records are not available shall be considered deviations, if this unit is operating

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 546-V18	
Control Device ID No.: 546-H2	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)
Monitoring Information	

Monitoring Information

Indicator: Period of operation

Minimum Frequency: N/A Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: All periods that are not recorded shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

The period of operation is a work practice requirement to maintain documentation of all periods of operation of the boiler/process heater. Boiler/process heaters with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater are operated at temperatures greater than 1100 EC and at residence times greater than one second. High temperature and residence time are the two primary conditions necessary for high combustion device control efficiency. Because it has been demonstrated that boiler/process heaters with a design heat input capacity greater than 44 MW already operate in excess of the temperature and residence time demonstrated to meet a 98% reduction efficiency it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Also note that in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 546-V27	
Control Device ID No.: 546-H1	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)
Monitoring Information	

Indicator: Fuel use records Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Periods when fuel records are not available shall be considered deviations, if this vent is operating.

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 546-V28	
Control Device ID No.: 546-H2	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)
Monitoring Information	

Monitoring Information

Indicator: Period of operation

Minimum Frequency: N/A Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: All periods that are not recorded shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

The period of operation is a work practice requirement to maintain documentation of all periods of operation of the boiler/process heater. Boiler/process heaters with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater are operated at temperatures greater than 1100 EC and at residence times greater than one second. High temperature and residence time are the two primary conditions necessary for high combustion device control efficiency. Because it has been demonstrated that boiler/process heaters with a design heat input capacity greater than 44 MW already operate in excess of the temperature and residence time demonstrated to meet a 98% reduction efficiency it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Also note that in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: 573-V2	
Control Device ID No.: 573-ME1	Control Device Type: Flare
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT03
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Presence of a pilot flame	
Minimum Frequency: once per hour	
Averaging Period: n/a	
Deviation Limit: Absence of a pilot flame	

Basis of monitoring:

It is widely practiced and accepted to monitor the flare pilot flame by closed circuit cameras, thermocouples and visual inspection. The presence of the pilot flame demonstrates that VOC emissions are combusted. Monitoring the presence of a pilot flame is required in many federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts K, III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; and 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, W, DD, and HH.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 585-TK6019		
ID NO 565-1K6019		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: 115TK-03	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(b)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		

Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Questionable integrity of fill pipe, not repaired before refilling

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: 585-TK6019		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: 115TK-03	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(b)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Record of Tank Construction Specifications	,	
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Deviation Limit: Inadequate or Missing Tank Construction Specifications

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: DEGRSR1-MS		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Degreasing Processes	SOP Index No.: 115-DEGR1	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.412(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visual Inspection		

Minimum Frequency: Monthly

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Any monitoring data which indicates that the cold cleaner is not in compliance with the applicable requirements of 30 TAC § 115.412(1) (A)-(F) shall be considered and reported as a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

The monitoring option to cover cold cleaner or the open-top vapor cleaner was included in the EPA "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources. In addition to covering the cleaner records of monthly inspections of equipment is an effective way to ensure that the system is operating in accordance with its design.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP15VENT		
Control Device ID No.: 546-H1	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Fuel use records

Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Periods when fuel use records are not available shall be considered deviations, if this vent is operating.

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP17VENT		
Control Device ID No.: 546-H2	Control Device Type: Steam Generating Unit (Boiler)/Process Heater (Design heat input is greater than or equal to 44MW)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT04	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		

Indicator: Fuel use records

Minimum Frequency: n/a

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Periods when fuel use records are not available shall be considered deviations, if this vent is operating.

Basis of monitoring:

A common way to control VOC emissions is to route emissions to a boiler or process heater with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater with minimum temperatures of 1100 °C and residence times greater than one second. Boilers and process heaters with the stated design have demonstrated to meet 98% reduction efficiency; therefore, it is only necessary to document the period of operation of the control equipment. Additionally, in the October, 21, 1983 preamble to 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III, (48 FR 48945), the EPA determined that installing a steam generating unit, with a design heat input capacity of 44 MW or greater, to control VOC emissions, is an acceptable means of demonstrating compliance with 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart III and waived the requirement for a performance test on such devices. Monitoring the period of operation of a boiler/process heater greater than 44 MW is commonly required in federal rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III and NNN; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart BB; 40 CFR Part 63, Subpart G.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP20VENT		
Control Device ID No.: 554-ME5	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT06	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicates Carebootics tassaces		

Indicator: Combustion temperature

Minimum Frequency: once per week

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: Any monitoring data below the established minimum combustion temperature of 1300 F shall be considered a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

To achieve the proper destruction efficiency the thermal incinerator must be maintained above a baseline temperature. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRP21VENT		
Control Device ID No.: 554-ME5	Control Device Type: Thermal Incinerator (Direct Flame Incinerator/Regenerative Thermal Oxidizer)	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Vent Gas Controls	SOP Index No.: 115-VENT06	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.122(b)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicates. Cambustian tananasatura		

Indicator: Combustion temperature

Minimum Frequency: once per week

Averaging Period: N/A

Deviation Limit: Any monitoring data below the established minimum combustion temperature of 1300 F shall be considered a deviation.

Basis of monitoring:

To achieve the proper destruction efficiency the thermal incinerator must be maintained above a baseline temperature. Operation below the minimum combustion temperature will result in incomplete combustion. The monitoring of the combustion temperature of a thermal incinerator is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subparts III, NNN, QQQ, and RRR; 40 CFR Part 61, Subparts BB and FF; 40 CFR Part 63, Subparts G, R, DD, EE, and HH; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information	
ID No.: GRP5WPRO	
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A
Applicable Regulatory Requirement	
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: 115TK-05
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(b)(1)
Monitoring Information	
Indicator: Internal Floating Roof	

Indicator: Internal Floating Roof

Minimum Frequency: annually

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Repairs shall be made or the tank taken out of service if monitoring data indicates that the roof is not in compliance with 30 TAC § 115.114(b)(1).

Basis of monitoring:

The option to monitor VOC emissions by visually inspecting the external floating roof or the internal floating roof was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources. If the external or internal floating roof is operating in accordance with its design it will meet its control efficiency. Visually inspecting the external floating roof or the internal floating roof is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y; and 30 TAC Chapter 115. Measuring and recording the accumulated area of gaps if the tank is equipped with primary seals is commonly required in federal and state rules, including: 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart Kb; 40 CFR Part 61, Subpart Y; 40 CFR 63 Subparts VV, DD, and MMM; and 30 TAC Chapter 115.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
omiroroup/Frocess information		
ID No.: GRPVENDTKS		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: 115TK-3	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(b)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Structural Integrity of the Pipe		
Minimum Frequency: Emptied and degassed		

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Questionable structural integrity of fill pipe, not repaired before refilling

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: GRPVENDTKS		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 115, Storage of VOCs	SOP Index No.: 115TK-3	
Pollutant: VOC	Main Standard: § 115.112(b)(1)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Record of Tank Construction Specifications		
Minimum Frequency: n/a		
Averaging Period: n/a		

Basis of monitoring:

The periodic monitoring option provided for emission units using a submerged fill pipe is location of the submerged fill pipe and structural integrity of the pipe. The location and the integrity of the pipe ensure that loading operations are controlled to prevent splash fill and reduce generated vapors; therefore, less emissions are released to the atmosphere. This approach was included as an option by the EPA in the "Periodic Monitoring Technical Reference Document" (April 1999) to monitor VOC sources.

Deviation Limit: Inadequate or Missing Tank Construction Specifications

Unit/Group/Process Information		
ID No.: H-99		
Control Device ID No.: N/A	Control Device Type: N/A	
Applicable Regulatory Requirement		
Name: 30 TAC Chapter 111, Visible Emissions	SOP Index No.: 111-VENT01	
Pollutant: Opacity	Main Standard: § 111.111(a)(1)(C)	
Monitoring Information		
Indicator: Visible Emissions		

Minimum Frequency: Once per week

Averaging Period: n/a

Deviation Limit: Visible emissions or an opacity greater than 15% averaged over a six minute period.

Basis of monitoring:

The option to perform opacity readings or visible emissions to demonstrate compliance is consistent with EPA Reference Test Method 9 and 22. Opacity and visible emissions have been used as an indicator of particulate emissions in many federal rules including 40 CFR Part 60, Subpart F and Subpart HH. In addition, use of these indicators is consistent with the EPA's "Compliance Assurance Monitoring (CAM) Technical Guidance Document" (August 1998). Monitoring specifications and procedures for the opacity are consistent with federal requirements and include the EPA's Test Method 9 for determining opacity by visual observations and the requirements of 40 CFR § 60.13 for a continuous opacity monitoring system (COMS). The monitoring specifications and procedures for the visible emissions monitoring are similar to "EPA Reference Method 22" procedures.

Obtaining Permit Documents

The New Source Review Authorization References table in the FOP specifies all NSR authorizations that apply at the permit area covered by the FOP. Individual NSR permitting files are located in the TCEQ Central File Room (TCEQ Main Campus located at 12100 Park 35 Circle, Austin, Texas, 78753, Building E, Room 103). They can also be obtained electronically from TCEQ's Central File Room Online (https://www.tceq.texas.gov/goto/cfr-online). Guidance documents that describe how to search electronic records, including Permits by Rule (PBRs) or NSR permits incorporated by reference into an FOP, archived in the Central File Room server are available at https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air_status_permits.html

All current PBRs are contained in Chapter 106 and can be viewed at the following website:

https://www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/air_pbr_index.html

Previous versions of 30 TAC Chapter 106 PBRs may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical rules/old106list/index106.html

Historical Standard Exemption lists may be viewed at the following website:

www.tceq.texas.gov/permitting/air/permitbyrule/historical_rules/oldselist/se_index.html

Additional information concerning PBRs is available on the TCEQ website:

https://www.tceg.texas.gov/permitting/air/nav/air pbr.html

Compliance Review

Compliance History Review	
1. In accordance with 30 TAC Chapter 60, the compliance history was reviewed on	/15/19
Site rating: 9.95 / Satisfactory Company rating: 3.82 / Satisfactory	
(High < 0.10; Satisfactory ≥ 0.10 and ≤ 55; Unsatisfactory > 55)	
2. Has the permit changed on the basis of the compliance history or site/company rating?	No
Site/Permit Area Compliance Status Review	
1. Were there any out-of-compliance units listed on Form OP-ACPS?	No
2. Is a compliance plan and schedule included in the permit?	No

Available Unit Attribute Forms

- OP-UA1 Miscellaneous and Generic Unit Attributes
- OP-UA2 Stationary Reciprocating Internal Combustion Engine Attributes
- OP-UA3 Storage Tank/Vessel Attributes
- OP-UA4 Loading/Unloading Operations Attributes
- OP-UA5 Process Heater/Furnace Attributes
- OP-UA6 Boiler/Steam Generator/Steam Generating Unit Attributes
- OP-UA7 Flare Attributes
- OP-UA8 Coal Preparation Plant Attributes
- OP-UA9 Nonmetallic Mineral Process Plant Attributes
- OP-UA10 Gas Sweetening/Sulfur Recovery Unit Attributes
- OP-UA11 Stationary Turbine Attributes
- OP-UA12 Fugitive Emission Unit Attributes
- OP-UA13 Industrial Process Cooling Tower Attributes
- OP-UA14 Water Separator Attributes
- OP-UA15 Emission Point/Stationary Vent/Distillation Operation/Process Vent Attributes
- OP-UA16 Solvent Degreasing Machine Attributes
- OP-UA17 Distillation Unit Attributes

- OP-UA18 Surface Coating Operations Attributes
- OP-UA19 Wastewater Unit Attributes
- OP-UA20 Asphalt Operations Attributes
- OP-UA21 Grain Elevator Attributes
- OP-UA22 Printing Attributes
- OP-UA24 Wool Fiberglass Insulation Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA25 Synthetic Fiber Production Attributes
- OP-UA26 Electroplating and Anodizing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA27 Nitric Acid Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA28 Polymer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA29 Glass Manufacturing Unit Attributes
- OP-UA30 Kraft, Soda, Sulfite, and Stand-Alone Semichemical Pulp Mill Attributes
- OP-UA31 Lead Smelting Attributes
- OP-UA32 Copper and Zinc Smelting/Brass and Bronze Production Attributes
- OP-UA33 Metallic Mineral Processing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA34 Pharmaceutical Manufacturing
- OP-UA35 Incinerator Attributes
- OP-UA36 Steel Plant Unit Attributes
- OP-UA37 Basic Oxygen Process Furnace Unit Attributes
- OP-UA38 Lead-Acid Battery Manufacturing Plant Attributes
- OP-UA39 Sterilization Source Attributes
- OP-UA40 Ferroalloy Production Facility Attributes
- OP-UA41 Dry Cleaning Facility Attributes
- OP-UA42 Phosphate Fertilizer Manufacturing Attributes
- OP-UA43 Sulfuric Acid Production Attributes
- OP-UA44 Municipal Solid Waste Landfill/Waste Disposal Site Attributes
- OP-UA45 Surface Impoundment Attributes
- OP-UA46 Epoxy Resins and Non-Nylon Polyamides Production Attributes
- OP-UA47 Ship Building and Ship Repair Unit Attributes
- OP-UA48 Air Oxidation Unit Process Attributes
- OP-UA49 Vacuum-Producing System Attributes
- OP-UA50 Fluid Catalytic Cracking Unit Catalyst Regenerator/Fuel Gas Combustion Device/Claus Sulfur Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA51 Drver/Kiln/Oven Attributes
- OP-UA52 Closed Vent Systems and Control Devices
- OP-UA53 Beryllium Processing Attributes
- OP-UA54 Mercury Chlor-Alkali Cell Attributes
- OP-UA55 Transfer System Attributes
- OP-UA56 Vinyl Chloride Process Attributes
- OP-UA57 Cleaning/Depainting Operation Attributes
- **OP-UA58 Treatment Process Attributes**
- OP-UA59 Coke By-Product Recovery Plant Attributes
- OP-UA60 Chemical Manufacturing Process Unit Attributes
- OP-UA61 Pulp, Paper, or Paperboard Producing Process Attributes
- OP-UA62 Glycol Dehydration Unit Attributes
- OP-UA63 Vegetable Oil Production Attributes